

Q1

How the physical address is calculated and find it if segment address is 4000H and offset address is 3000H. Why are these two addresses required in 8086?

PHY ADD = SEG ADD * 10H + OFFSET ADD

PHY ADD = 43000H

1MB of memory - interfaced with 8086 - requires 20-bit address lines.

8086 has 16-bit registers – 20-bit address is generated from two 16-bit address (seg address and offset address)

Find the errors in the following instructions (if so).

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| I. MOV DS,5000H | ---- MOV DS, AX |
| II. ADD [AX], [4000H] | ---- ADD AX, [4000H] |
| III. ADD 0200H | ---- (or) ADD AX 0200H |
| IV. INC 3000H | ---- INC [3000H] |
| V. CMP BX | ---- CMP AX, BX |

Q2

Write an 8086 ALP programs to find the average of 64 numbers stored in the memory location 5000H with and without using DIV instruction. Assume that the sum does not exceed 16 bits.

i) WITH DIV

ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA

DATA SEGMENT

NUMLIST DB 45H, 78H, 97H, 67H, 89H, 78H, 57H, 79H

NEXT DB 38H DUP (00H) // REMAINING VALUES WILL BE ZEROS

COUNT EQU 40H

RESULT DW 01H DUP (?)

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

START:

MOV AX, DATA ; get the segment address of DATA segment in DS register

MOV DS, AX

MOV CX, COUNT ; COUNT is the number of data has to be added

MOV SI, OFFSET NUMLIST ; get the offset address of NUMLIST

MOV AX, 0000H

```
MOV BX, 0000H
LP: MOV BL, [SI]
ADD AX, BX
INC SI
DEC CX
JNZ LP
MOV BX, 0040H
DIV BX
MOV DI, OFFSET RESULT ; get the offset address of RESULT in DI register
MOV [DI], AX
MOV AH, 00H
INT 21H
CODE ENDS
END START
```

```
RET
```

ii) WITHOUT DIV

```
ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA
```

```
DATA SEGMENT
```

```
NUMLIST DB 45H, 78H, 97H, 67H, 89H, 78H, 57H, 79H
```

```
NEXT DB 38H DUP (00H) // REMAINING VALUES WILL BE ZEROS
```

```
COUNT EQU 40H
```

```
RESULT DW 01H DUP (?)
```

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

START:

MOV AX, DATA ; get the segment address of DATA segment in DS register

MOV DS, AX

MOV CX, COUNT ; COUNT is the number of data has to be added

MOV SI, OFFSET NUMLIST ; get the offset address of NUMLIST

MOV AX, 0000H

MOV BX, 0000H

LP: MOV BL, [SI]

ADD AX, BX

INC SI

DEC CX

JNZ LP

MOV CL, 06H

SHR AX, CL

MOV DI, OFFSET RESULT ; get the offset address of RESULT in DI register

MOV [DI], AX

MOV AH, 00H

INT 21H

CODE ENDS

END START

RET

Q3

Write an 8051 ALP to find (compute) the numbers which are divisible by both 3 and 7 in the range 1 to 99 and store them in memory. Interface two seven segment displays in P0 and P1 and display the stored numbers one after other.

ORG 0000H

; 7 SEGMENT LOOKUP TABLE

MOV 30H, #03FH

MOV 31H, #06H

MOV 32H, #5BH

MOV 33H, #04FH

MOV 34H, #066H

MOV 35H, #06DH

MOV 36H, #07DH

MOV 37H, #07FH

MOV 38H, #07FH

MOV 39H, #067H

MOV R0, #20H

MOV R2, #00H

MOV R3, #01H

LOOP:MOV A, R3

MOV B, #15H

DIV AB

MOV A, B

CJNE A, #00H, J1

MOV A, R3

MOV @R0, A

INC R0

INC R2

J1:INC R3

CJNE R3, #64H, LOOP

MOV R0, #20H

BACK: MOV A, @R0

MOV B, #100D

DIV AB

MOV A, B

MOV B, #10D

DIV AB

ADD A, #30H

MOV R1, A

MOV A, @R1

MOV P0, A

MOV A, B

```
ADD A, #30H
MOV R1, A
MOV A, @R1
MOV P1, A
INC R0
ACALL DELAY
DJNZ R2, BACK
```

```
ORG 100H
DELAY:
MOV R5,#255
H3: MOV R4,#255
H2: MOV R3,#255
H1: DJNZ R3,H1
DJNZ R4,H2
DJNZ R5,H3
RET
END
```

Q4

Write an 8051 (AT89C51) ALP to generate a pulse waveform with frequency 2KHz using timer. Don't access TL0/1 register in the ALP. Provide the necessary timer calculations.

Time period = $1/(2\text{KHz}) = 0.5\text{ms}$

ON period = OFF period = 0.25ms

Number of count = $0.25\text{ms}/1.085\mu\text{s} = 230.41 = 230$

TH0 = $255 - 230 = 25$ or 19H

```
ORG 0000H
LJMP MAIN ;by-pass interrupt vector table
ORG 000BH ;Timer 0 interrupt vector table
CPL P2.1 ;toggle P2.1 pin
```

RETI

```
ORG 0050H ;after vector table space
MAIN: MOV TMOD,#02H ;Timer 0, mode 2
MOV P0,#0FFH ;make P0 an input port
MOV TH0,#019H ;TH0=A4H for -92
MOV IE,#82H ;IE=10000010 (bin) enable
;Timer 0
SETB TR0 ;Start Timer 0
BACK: SJMP BACK ;get data from P0
```

END

Q5

Write 8051 (AT89C51) ALP for the following logic. The existing values of TCON=01H and IE = 0FFH.

```
ORG 0000H
LJMP MAIN ;by-pass interrupt
;vector table
;--ISR for INT1 to turn on LED
ORG 0003H ;INT0 ISR
SETB P1.3 ;turn on LED
MOV R3,#255
BACK: DJNZ R3,BACK ;keep LED on for a while
CLR P1.3 ;turn off the LED
MOV R3,#255
BACK1: DJNZ R3,BACK1
RETI ;return from ISR
;--MAIN program for initialization
ORG 30H
MAIN: MOV IE,#0FFH
```

```
MOV TCON, 01H;enable external INT 1
HERE: SETB P1.3 ;turn on LED
MOV R3,#255
BACK4: DJNZ R3,BACK4 ;keep LED on for a while
CLR P1.3 ;turn off the LED
MOV R3,#255
BACK3: DJNZ R3,BACK3
MOV R3,#255
BACK2: DJNZ R3,BACK2;stay here until get interrupted
SJMP HERE
END
```