



SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING
CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST - I
WINTER SEMESTER 2025-2026

Programme Name & Branch : B.Tech VLSI Design
Course Code and Course Name : BEVD205L , **Scripting Languages and Verification**
Faculty Name(s) : Dr. J. Saikia, Dr. A. Tripathi
Class Number(s) : VL2025260500895, VL2025260500897
Date of Examination : 27/01/26
Exam Duration : 90 minutes **Maximum Marks:** 50

General instruction(s):

- Answer All Questions
- M - Max mark; CO – Course Outcome; BL – Blooms Taxonomy Level (1 – Remember, 2 – Understand, 3 – Apply, 4 – Analyse, 5 – Evaluate, 6 – Create)
- Course Outcomes:
 - CO1: Handle files, directories and manage processes using PERL scripts.
 - CO2: Handle files, directories and manage processes using TCL scripts.

Q. No	Question	M	CO	BL
1.	<p>A) Fix the syntax for the following code:</p> <pre> use strict use warnings my %score = ("Alice" = 10, "Bob" = 20) foreach my \$name (keys %score) { print \$name ":" %score{name} } </pre>	5	1	3
	<p>B) Write a Perl script that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reads a list of integers from standard input. - Defines a subroutine count_digits(\$num) that returns the number of digits in the number - Prints each number and its digit count. <p>Example Input: 45 100 7 Output: 45 2 100 2 7 1</p>	5		
2.	<p>A user-defined Perl module TextUtils.pm provides the function:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">to_upper(\$filename)</p> <p>which prints the contents of the given file in uppercase.</p> <p>Write a Perl script that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Uses the module TextUtils - Accepts one or more filenames from the command line - For each file: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Prints the filename as a header 	10	1	3



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	<p>- Calls to_upper(\$filename) to display the transformed contents You may assume that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The module exists and is accessible. - All input files exist and are readable. - The subroutine to_upper is available and behaves correctly. <p>Example Command: perl show_upper.pl a.txt b.txt Output: a.txt HELLO WORLD b.txt PERL SCRIPTING</p>			
3.	<p>Explain how control flow is implemented in Perl scripts. In your answer, discuss the role of the following Perl constructs and how they influence the execution of a script:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Conditional statements (if,elsif) b) Looping constructs (while, for, for each) c) Loop control statements (last, next) d) Special variables used in loops and subroutines (\$_, @_) e) Effect of control flow on correctness and accuracy. 	10	1	2
4.	<p>Write a TCL script that performs the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Creates a list <i>tests</i> with test names <i>test1</i>,<i>test7</i> and <i>test3</i>. - Adds <i>test5</i> to the list using lappend. - Inserts <i>test2</i> at index 1. - Searches if <i>test10</i> is a part of the list. - Sorts the list and prints the sorted list along with its length. - Uses an associative array results to store PASS for each test in the list. - Print result of test5. 	10	2	3
5.	<p style="text-align: center;">set a 5 puts "Value is \$a"</p> <p>a) With reference to the above commands, explain the basic structure of a TCL script. Describe how parsing and execution are performed.</p>	5	2	2
	<p>b) Explain variable substitution and quoting with suitable examples. Also discuss how expressions are evaluated using the <i>expr</i> command.</p>	5		



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KEY

1

a) use strict;
use warnings;
my %score = ("Alice" => 10, "Bob" => 20);
foreach my \$name (keys %score) {
 print "\$name : \$score{\$name}";
}

Issues fixed:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1) Missing ; | (4 cases) |
| 2) Assign Hash Correctly | (2 cases) |
| 3) \$score{\$name} | (1 case) |
| 4) Fix print | (1 case) |

b)

```
use strict;
use warnings;

sub count_digits {
    my ($num) = @_ ;
    return length($num);
    #or use a divide by 10 approach
}

while (<STDIN>) {
    chomp;
    my $digits = count_digits($_);
    print "$_ $digits\n";
}
```



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- 2) use strict;
use warnings;

use TextUtils;

foreach my \$file (@ARGV) {
 print "\$file\n";
 to_upper(\$file);
}
- 4) # Create a list with initial test names
set tests {test1 test7 test3}
- # Add test5 to the list
lappend tests test5
- # Insert test2 at index 1
set tests [linsert \$tests 1 test2]
- # Search for test10 in the list
if {[lsearch \$tests test10] != -1} {
 puts "test10 found"
} else {
 puts "test10 not found"
}
- # Sort the list
set tests [lsort \$tests]
- # Print sorted list and its length
puts "Sorted list: \$tests"
puts "Length: [length \$tests]"
- # Create an associative array to store results
foreach t \$tests {
 set results(\$t) PASS
}
- # Print result of test5
puts "Result of test5: \$results(test5)"