

⑤ Computing the time complexity.

↳ Assign cost and no. of times of execution of each stmt.

Insertion Sort $A[1..n]$. cost times

1. for $j \leftarrow 2$ to $\text{length}[A]$ $C_1 \quad n$
2. do $\text{key} \leftarrow A[j]$ $C_2 \quad n-1$
3. // Insert $A[j]$ into sorted $A[1..j-1]$ $C_3 \quad n-1$
4. $i \leftarrow j-1$ $C_4 \quad n-1$
5. while $(i > 0)$ and $A[i] > \text{key}$ $C_5 \quad \sum_{j=2}^n t_j$
6. do $A[i+1] \leftarrow A[i]$ $C_6 \quad \sum_{j=2}^n t_j - 1$
7. $i \leftarrow i-1$ $C_7 \quad \sum_{j=2}^n t_j - 1$
8. $A[i+1] \leftarrow \text{key}$. $C_8 \quad n-1$

MARCH							2013
W	M	T	W	T	F	S	S
9					1	2	3
10	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
12	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
13	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

$$T(n) = C_1 n + C_2(n-1) + C_4(n-1) + C_5 \sum_{j=2}^n t_j + C_6 \sum_{j=2}^n t_{j-1} + C_7 \sum_{j=2}^n t_{j-1} + C_8(n-1)$$

Best case analysis:

↳ For each value of j (ie) $j = 2, 3, \dots, n$, $A[i] > \text{key}$ cond fails. when i has its initial value of $j-1$. ~~(ie) in the first iteration~~

↳ Thus $t_j = 1$ for each value of j

$$\therefore \sum_{j=2}^n t_j = \sum_{j=2}^n 1 = n-1$$

$\therefore (n-1)$ times while loop stmt is executed.

↳ line 6 & 7 are not at all executed

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= C_1 n + C_2(n-1) + C_4(n-1) + C_5(n-1) + C_8(n-1) \\ &= (C_1 + C_2 + C_4 + C_5 + C_8)n - (C_2 + C_4 + C_5 + C_8) \\ &= an + b \quad \text{where } a \text{ \& } b \text{ are consts.} \end{aligned}$$

2013 $\therefore$ Best case complexity is linear fn of n
 $\therefore O(n)$.

FEBRUARY 2013						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

Worst Case Analysis:

↳ For each value of j , the element $A[j]$ is compared with each and every element in the sorted subarray $A[1 \dots j-1]$.

↳ So $t_j = j$ for each value of j

$$\sum_{j=2}^n t_j = \sum_{j=2}^n j = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - 1$$

↳ If $t_j = j$ then $t_{j-1} = j-1$
↳ ~~while loop is executed for~~

$$\sum_{j=2}^n t_{j-1} = \sum_{j=2}^n j-1 = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$

$$T(n) = c_1 n + c_2(n-1) + c_4(n-1) + c_5 \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} - 1 \right)$$

$$+ c_6 \left(\frac{n(n-1)}{2} \right) + c_7 \left(\frac{n(n-1)}{2} \right) + c_8(n-1)$$

$$= \left(\frac{c_5}{2} + \frac{c_6}{2} + \frac{c_7}{2} \right) n^2 + \left(c_1 + c_2 + c_4 + \frac{c_5}{2} - \frac{c_6}{2} - \frac{c_7}{2} + c_8 \right) n - (c_2 + c_4 + c_5 + c_8)$$

$$= an^2 + bn + c \quad \therefore a, b, c \text{ are constants.}$$

MARCH 2013						
W	M	T	W	T	F	S
9					1	2
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					31	

∴ worst case complexity is quadratic function of n .

$$\therefore O(n^2)$$