



# VIT

Vellore Institute of Technology

**School of Advanced Sciences**  
**Fall Semester 2024-2025**  
**Continuous Assessment Test- I**

**Programme Name & Branch : M.Tech**

**Slot : C1+TC1+TCC1**

**Course Name & code : Complex Variables and Linear Algebra & IMAT201L**

**Class Number(s) : Common to all C1+TC1+TCC1**

**Exam Duration : 90 Min**

**Max. Marks : 50**

**Answer ALL the Questions**

| Q. No    | Question                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Marks |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 1.<br>10 | Find the analytic function $f(z) = u + iv$ given that $2u - 3v = 3y^2 - 2xy - 3x^2 + 3y - x$ and $f(0) = 0$ .                                                                                                           | 10    |
| 2.<br>10 | Show that $\psi = x^2 - y^2 - 3x - 2y + 2xy$ can represent the stream function of an incompressible fluid flow. Also find the corresponding velocity potential $\phi$ and complex potential $f(z)$ .                    | 10    |
| 3.<br>8  | Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $z_1 = 0, z_2 = -1, z_3 = i$ into the points $\omega_1 = i, \omega_2 = 0, \omega_3 = \infty$ . Hence find its invariant points.                                  | 10    |
| 4.<br>10 | Find the image in the $w$ -plane of the region in the $z$ -plane bounded by the straight lines $x = 1, y = 1$ and $x + y = 1$ under the transformation $w = z^2$ . Also discuss the conformality of the transformation. | 10    |
| 5.<br>10 | Find the Laurent's series for $f(z) = \frac{1}{z(z-1)}$ valid in<br>(i) $0 <  z  < 1$ (ii) $1 <  z $ (iii) $0 <  z-1  < 1$                                                                                              | 10    |

$$= \frac{1}{z^2} + \frac{1}{z} + 1 + z + z^2 + \dots + 2(z-1)^{-1} + 2(z-1)^{-2} + \dots$$