



SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST - II
WINTER SEMESTER 2024-2025

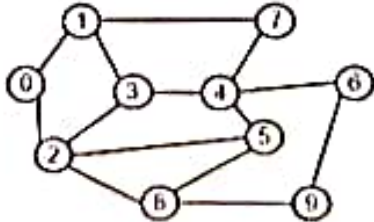
SLOT: C1 + TC1

Programme Name & Branch : B.Tech. & Computer Science (Core and Specialization)
Course Code and Course Name : BCSE318L & Data Privacy
Faculty Name(s) : common to all
Class Number(s) : VL2024250501576, 1565, 1719, 1580, 1604, 1607
Date of Examination : 18.03.2025
Exam Duration : 90 minutes
Maximum Marks: 50

General instruction(s):

CO3: . Identify the list of threats on the various types of anonymized data.

CO4: . Classify and analyze the methods of test data generation with Privacy and utility

CO4: . Classify and analyze the methods of test data						M	CO	BL					
Q. No	Question												
1.	RACE	BIRTH	GENDER	ZIP	PROBLEM	10	2	4					
	Black	1965	M	021401	Short breath								
	Black	1965	M	021402	Chest Pain								
	Black	1965	F	021301	Hyper Tension								
	Black	1965	F	021302	Hyper Tension								
	Black	1964	F	021304	Obesity								
	Black	1964	F	021305	Chest Pain								
	White	1964	M	021306	Chest Pain								
	White	1964	M	021307	Obesity								
	White	1967	M	021308	Chest Pain								
	White	1967	M	021309	Chest Pain								
	Discuss the strategies and algorithm for achieving k-Anonymity by using the above dataset as an example with a minimum value of 'K'. (6)												
After finding K-anonymity value and anonymized table, if the values are given as shown below, can you identify the problem of Bob? Justify your answer pertaining to the attacks that are possible in K-anonymity Techniques. (4)													
<table><tr><td colspan="2">Bob</td></tr><tr><td>Zipcode</td><td>Birth</td></tr><tr><td>021305</td><td>1964</td></tr></table>					Bob		Zipcode	Birth	021305	1964			
Bob													
Zipcode	Birth												
021305	1964												
2.	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume	5					
	2/12/1980	0.128348	0.128906	0.128348	0.128348	0.100178	469033600						
	1/9/1981	0.142299	0.142857	0.142299	0.142299	0.111067	21504000						
	2/2/1982	0.083147	0.083147	0.082589	0.082589	0.064463	26633600						
a) Identify the type of above mentioned dataset and explain the suitable data protection methods for the same.													
													
b) For the above Graph data, Compute Degree Centrality for each node and betweenness centrality for nodes 1 and 5.								5					

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3. Consider the below data set and answer the following.

S.NO	Zip Code	Age	Nationality	Condition	Salary
1.	13053	28	Russian	Heart Disease	7K
2.	13068	29	American	Heart Disease	8K
3.	13068	21	Japanese	Viral Infection	9K
4.	13053	23	American	Viral Infection	11K
5.	14853	50	Indian	Cancer	12K
6.	14853	55	Russian	Heart Disease	10K
7.	14850	47	American	Viral Infection	5K
8.	14850	49	American	Viral Infection	3K
9.	13053	31	American	Cancer	2K
10.	13053	37	Indian	Cancer	4K
11.	13068	36	Japanese	Cancer	13K
12.	13068	35	American	Cancer	14K

A. Explain the necessity of moving from k-anonymity to l-diversity along with its limitations. (3)

B. Create the diverse dataset using the above dataset as an example. (3)

C. Apply earth mover's algorithm on the same data set to find closeness values with respect to the salary attribute. (4)

4. Imagine a city government collects data from various sources to optimize services and improve quality of life. This dataset includes:

- **Transportation:** GPS coordinates of public transit vehicles, traffic flow data from sensors, ride-sharing data. *not*
- **Public Safety:** Crime reports, 911 call logs, surveillance camera footage (anonymized, but with timestamp and location), social media activity. *long*
- **Utilities:** Water and energy consumption data, sensor readings from infrastructure.
- **Health:** Aggregated (but not truly anonymized) data from public health clinics, air quality sensor readings, anonymized fitness tracker data. *long*
- **Demographics:** Census data, voter registration records (with partial anonymization), social service records.

Explain the techniques available for identifying the threats to the above scenario at different levels for anonymized data. (6)

What information or knowledge does an adversary or attacker use to gain information about a record owner and his sensitive data? illustrate the above scenario with different dimensions of background and external knowledge of an adversary. (4)

5. Business applications and customers are in the same country, and business operations are in a different country. Data protection acts such as European Union (EU) Data Protection Act and Swiss Data Protection Act (FADP) enforce that customer-sensitive data should not cross the geographical boundaries of the country. In such case, how can business operations access customer data and assist their customers? Explain the suitable method and its types with a neat diagram and examples. List out the benefits of the chosen method compared to other methods.