



VIT[®]

Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

REG. NO.:

SLOT: B2+TB2

SCHOOL OF ADVANCED SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
FALL SEMESTER – 2024-2025
Continuous Assessment Test – II

Programme Name & Branch : BCA/BCS
Course Code & Course Name : UMAT201L & Linear Algebra
Class Number(s) : VL2024250102594/2598/2596
Faculty Name(s) : Dr. Arun Choudhary/ Dr. Prakash M/ Dr. Radhika T
Date of Examination : 14-10-2024
Exam Duration : 90 Minutes Maximum Marks : 50

General Instruction(s):

- Answer ALL Questions.
- Statistical tables can be permitted.
- Non-programmable calculator is permitted.

Q. No.	Questions	Marks
1.	Find (a) the null space of A , and (b) Find the row space and column space of A , where the matrix A is $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$	10
2.	Let V and W be a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^4$ spanned by $v_1 = (1, 2, 0, 1)$, $v_2 = (0, 1, 1, 1)$, $v_3 = (1, 3, 1, 2)$ and $w_1 = (2, 5, 0, 3)$, $w_2 = (0, 2, 1, 2)$, $w_3 = (1, 2, 1, 1)$. Find the (a) $\dim(V)$, (b) $\dim(W)$, (c) $\dim(V + W)$ and (d) $\dim(V \cap W)$	10
3	(a). Find the rank and nullity of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 6 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ (b). Show that the linear transformation $T : P_3 \rightarrow P_2$ given by $T(p) = p'$ where p' is the derivative of p , is not one-to-one but is onto.	5 5

4.	Determine the linear mapping $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ which maps the basis vectors $\mathbf{v}_1 = (1, 1, 0)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (0, 1, 1)$, $\mathbf{v}_3 = (1, 0, 1)$ of $\mathbb{R}^3$ to the vectors $\mathbf{w}_1 = (2, 3)$, $\mathbf{w}_2 = (1, 4)$, $\mathbf{w}_3 = (5, 0)$ respectively. Then (i) Find $T(6, 0, -1)$, (ii) Find $T(3, -2, -1)$.	10
5.	A linear mapping $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ is defined by $T(x, y, z) = (x - y, x + 2y, y + 3z)$, $(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$. Show that T is non-singular and determine its inverse.	10
