

**VIT**Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act. 1956)**SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**
CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST - I
FALL SEMESTER 2025-2026

REG.NO.:

SLOT:C2

Programme Name & Branch :B.Tech (ECE & BML)**Course Code and Course Name** :BAECE101-Signals and Systems**Faculty Name(s)** : Dr. G. Ramachandra Reddy, Dr.J.Valarmathi,
Dr. Malaya Kumar Hota, Dr. Christopher Clement J,
Dr. Anantha Krishna Chintanpalli**Class Number(s)** : VL2025260105980/5982/5984/5986/5988**Date of Examination** : 19/08/2025**Exam Duration** : 90 minutes**Maximum Marks: 50****General instruction(s):**

- Answer All Questions
- M - Max mark; CO – Course Outcome; BL – Blooms Taxonomy Level (1 – Remember, 2 – Understand, 3 – Apply, 4 – Analyse, 5 – Evaluate, 6 – Create)
- Course Outcomes (Type the CO statements covered in this question paper. Use the CO number as per the syllabus copy)

Co1- Illustrate the mathematical representations and classifications of continuous and discrete-time signals and systems

Q. No	Question	M	CO	BL
1.	The signal $x(t)$ is shown below. Sketch the following signals: i. $x(2t + 3)$ ii. $x(t - 2)$ iii. $x(t + 3)$ iv. $x(-2t - 2)$	10	1	3
2.	a). Check whether the following signals are periodic or non-periodic. If periodic, compute its fundamental period: $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right)$ b). Compute the signal energy and power of the following signals. Determine whether it is an energy or power or neither of them.	4+6	1	3



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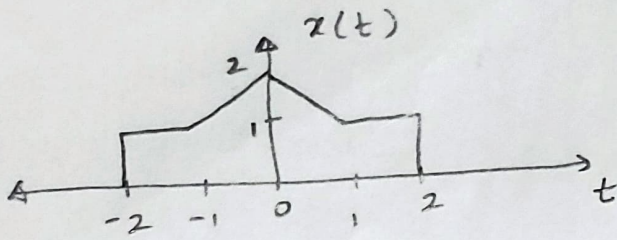
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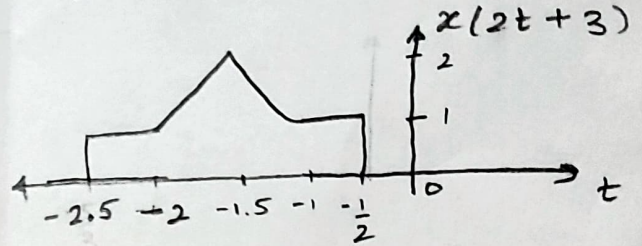
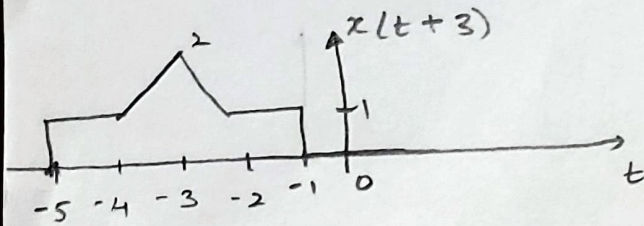
SLOT:C2

	i). $x[n] = e^{j(\pi/2n+\pi/8)}$	ii). $x[n] = (-0.5)^n u[n]$			
3.	The system given below either have input $x(t)$ or $x[n]$ and output $y(t)$ or $y[n]$, respectively. Determine whether each of the following system is (i) memoryless (ii) causal (iii) linear (iv) time-invariant (v) stable. Justify your answers. (a) $y(t) = [\cos(3t)] x(t)$ (b) $(y[n] = x[-n]$		5+5	1	3
4.	The discrete-time LTI system, with $x[n]$ as input and $y[n]$ as output, is shown below. Given are the individual impulse responses of the LTI sub-systems. $h_1[n] = \delta[n-1]$ $h_2[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$ $h_3[n] = 0.2\delta[n] + 0.3\delta[n-1]$ $h_4[n] = \delta[n]$ a) Compute the overall impulse response of this system. b) Sketch the overall step response of this system between $-3 \leq n \leq 3$.		5+5	1	3
5.	Find the convolution sum of the following sequences: $x[n] = (a)^n u[n]$, and $h[n] = (b)^n u[n]$ for the following two cases: i) $a=b=1/2$, ii) $a=1/2$ and $b=1/3$.		4+6	1	3

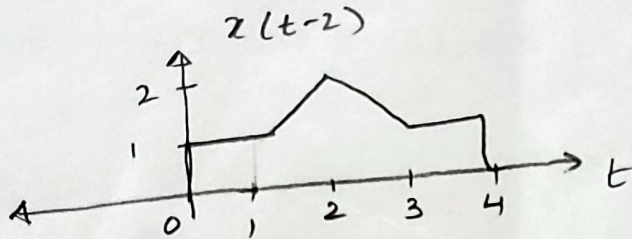
1)



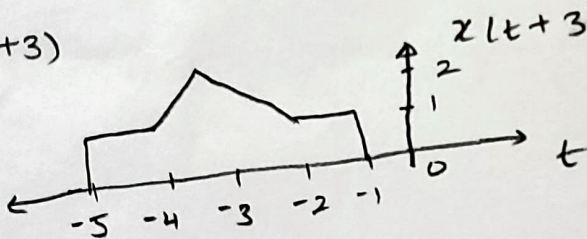
(i) $x(2t+3) \rightarrow x(t+3) \rightarrow x(2t+3)$



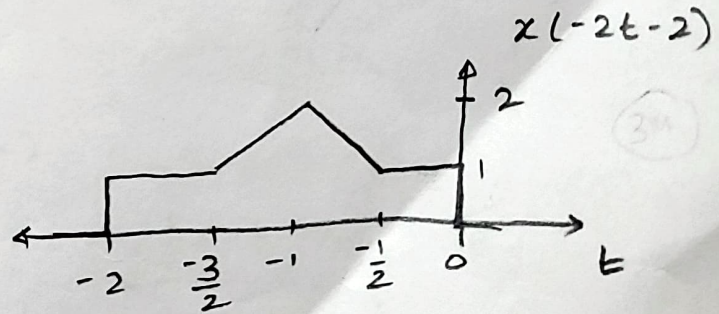
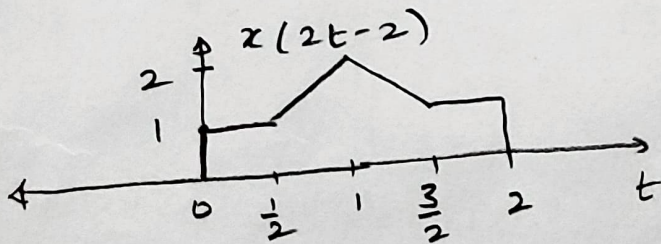
(ii) $x(t-2)$



(iii) $x(t+3)$



(iv) $x(-2t-2) \rightarrow x(t-2) \rightarrow x(2t-2) \rightarrow x(-2t-2)$



2) (a) $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) \right]$

$\frac{\omega_1}{2\pi} = \frac{3\pi}{4 \times 2\pi} = \frac{3}{8} \quad N_1 = 8$

$N = \text{LCM}(8, 8) = 8$ periodic

$\frac{\omega_2}{2\pi} = \frac{\pi}{4 \times 2\pi} = \frac{1}{8} \quad N_2 = 8$

$$(b) (i) x[n] = e^j \left(\frac{\pi}{2} n + \frac{\pi}{8} \right) \quad |x[n]| = 1$$

$$E_{\infty} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2 = \infty$$

$$P_{\infty} = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2N+1} \sum_{n=-N}^N |x[n]|^2 = 1 \quad \text{Power Signal.}$$

$$(ii) x[n] = (-0.5)^n u[n]$$

$$E_{\infty} = \frac{4}{3} \quad P_{\infty} = 0 \quad \text{Energy Signal}$$

$$3) (a) y(t) = (\cos 3t) x(t)$$

ML, Causal

$$x_1(t) \rightarrow y_1(t) = (\cos 3t) x_1(t)$$

$$x_3(t) = a x_1(t) + b x_2(t)$$

$$x_2(t) \rightarrow y_2(t) = (\cos 3t) x_2(t)$$

$$x_3(t) \rightarrow y_3(t) = (\cos 3t) x_3(t)$$

$$= (\cos 3t) [a x_1(t) + b x_2(t)] = \overset{\text{Linear}}{a y_1(t) + b y_2(t)}$$

$$y(t-t_0) = [\cos 3(t-t_0)] x(t-t_0)$$

$$y_{t_0}(t) = (\cos 3t) x(t-t_0)$$

} Not Same
Time Variant

$$|x(t)| < \infty \quad \forall t \quad |\cos 3t| < \infty \quad \forall t \quad \text{then } |y(t)| < \infty \quad \forall t$$

Stable

$$(b) y[n] = x[-n]$$

Memory, Non-causal

$$y[1] = x[-1]$$

$$y[-1] = x[1]$$

$$x_1[n] \rightarrow y_1[n] = x_1[-n]$$

$$x_2[n] \rightarrow y_2[n] = x_2[-n]$$

$$x_3[n] \rightarrow y_3[n] = x_3[-n]$$

Linear

$$= a x_1[-n] + b x_2[-n]$$

$$= a y_1[n] + b y_2[n]$$

$$y[n-n_0] = x[-n+n_0]$$

$$y_{n_0}[n] = x[-n-n_0]$$

≠ same Time Variant

$$|x[n]| < \infty \quad \forall n \quad \text{then } |x[-n]| < \infty \quad \forall n \quad \text{Stable}$$

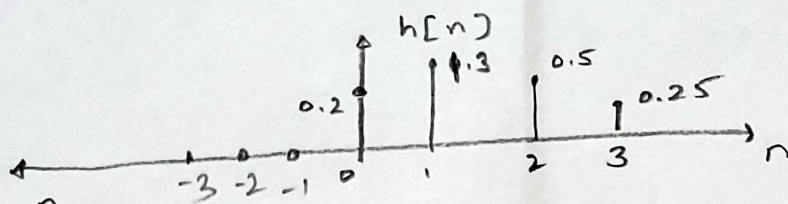
$$4) \quad h[n] = \left\{ [h_1[n] * h_2[n]] + h_3[n] \right\} * h_4[n]$$

$$h_1[n] * h_2[n] = \delta[n-1] * \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1]$$

$$h_1[n] * h_2[n] + h_3[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1] + 0.2 \delta[n] + 0.3 \delta[n-1]$$

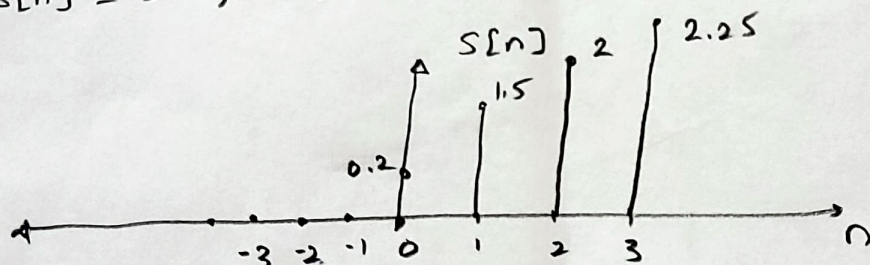
$$h[n] = \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1] + 0.2 \delta[n] + 0.3 \delta[n-1] \right] * \delta[n]$$

$$= 0.2 \delta[n] + 0.3 \delta[n-1] + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1]$$

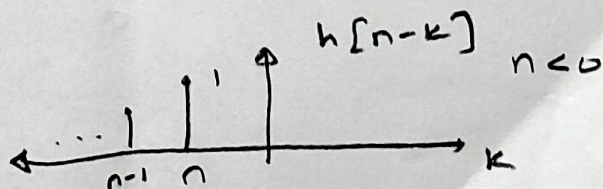
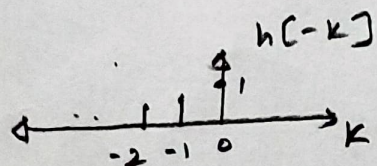
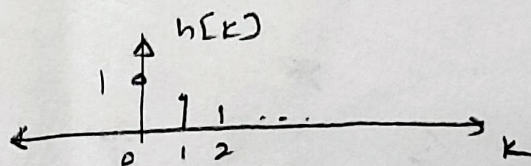
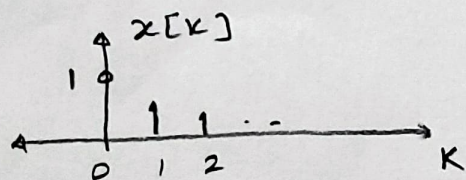


$$s[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n h[k]$$

$$n < 0 \quad s[n] = 0, \quad s[0] = 0.2, \quad s[1] = 1.5, \quad s[2] = 2, \quad s[3] = 2.25$$

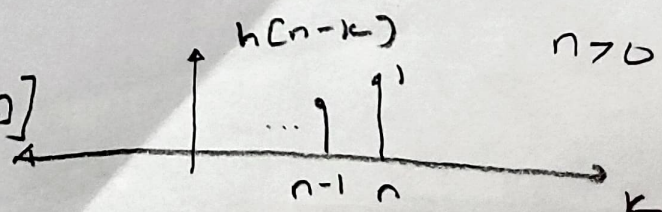


$$5) \quad x[n] = a^n u[n], \quad h[n] = b^n u[n]$$



$$n < 0 \quad y[n] = 0 \quad [\text{No overlap}]$$

blw $x[k]$ & $h[n-k]$



$$n \geq 0 \quad y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n a^k b^{n-k} = b^n \sum_{k=0}^n \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^k$$

$$n \geq 0 \quad y[n] = \frac{b^n \left(1 - \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{n+1} \right)}{1 - \frac{a}{b}} = \frac{b^{n+1} - a^{n+1}}{b - a}$$

$$y[n] = \left(\frac{b^{n+1} - a^{n+1}}{b - a} \right) u[n]$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2}, \quad b = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{-1}{6}$$

$$y[n] = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1}}{(-1/6)} \quad u[n] = 6 \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{n+1} \right] u[n]$$

$$a = b = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y[n] \quad y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n a^k a^{n-k} = a^n \sum_{k=0}^n 1 = (n+1)a^n$$

$$y[n] = (n+1) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n u[n]$$