



VIT

Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

REG.NO.:

**SCHOOL OF ADVANCED SCIENCES
CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST - I
WINTER SEMESTER 2024-2025**

SLOT: D2+TD2

Programme Name & Branch :B.Tech
Course Code and Course Name : BMAT202L (Probability and Statistics)
Faculty Name(s) : Common question paper for D2 slot
Class Number(s) : Common question paper for D2 slot
Date of Examination : 30-01-2025
Exam Duration : 90 minutes **Maximum Marks: 50**

General instruction(s):

- Answer All Questions
- M - Max mark; CO – Course Outcome; BL – Blooms Taxonomy Level (1 – Remember, 2 – Understand, 3 – Apply, 4 – Analyse, 5 – Evaluate, 6 – Create)

Q. No	Question	M	CO	BL																						
1.	<p>In the frequency distribution of 170 families given below, the number of families corresponding to expenditure group 20-30 and 40-50 is missing in the table. However the median is known to be 35. Find the missing frequencies.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>Expenditure</td> <td>0-10</td> <td>10-20</td> <td>20-30</td> <td>30-40</td> <td>40-50</td> <td>50-60</td> <td>60-70</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No.of families</td> <td>10</td> <td>20</td> <td>?</td> <td>40</td> <td>?</td> <td>25</td> <td>15</td> </tr> </table>	Expenditure	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	No.of families	10	20	?	40	?	25	15	10	1	1						
Expenditure	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70																			
No.of families	10	20	?	40	?	25	15																			
2.	<p>The score of two players A and B in ten innings during a certain season are:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>32</td> <td>28</td> <td>47</td> <td>63</td> <td>71</td> <td>39</td> <td>10</td> <td>60</td> <td>96</td> <td>14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>19</td> <td>31</td> <td>48</td> <td>53</td> <td>67</td> <td>90</td> <td>10</td> <td>62</td> <td>40</td> <td>80</td> </tr> </table> <p>Find which of the two players A, B is more consistent in scoring.</p>	A	32	28	47	63	71	39	10	60	96	14	B	19	31	48	53	67	90	10	62	40	80	10	1	2
A	32	28	47	63	71	39	10	60	96	14																
B	19	31	48	53	67	90	10	62	40	80																
3.	<p>A random variable X has the following probability distribution.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P(X=x)</td> <td>a</td> <td>3a</td> <td>5a</td> <td>7a</td> <td>9a</td> <td>11a</td> <td>13a</td> </tr> </table> <p>(i) Find the value of 'a' (ii) Find the c.d.f F(x) of X (iii) Evaluate $p(X \geq 4)$ (iv) Evaluate $p(X < 5)$ (v) Evaluate $p(3 \leq X \leq 6)$ (vi) Find $p(X = 5)$ using F(x).</p>	X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	P(X=x)	a	3a	5a	7a	9a	11a	13a	10	2	1						
X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6																			
P(X=x)	a	3a	5a	7a	9a	11a	13a																			
4.	<p>The joint density for the random variable (X,Y),where X is the temperature change and Y is the proportion of the spectrum that shifts for a certain atomic particle, is</p> $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 10xy^2, & 0 < x < y < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ <p>(i) Find $f_x(x), f_y(y)$ and $f(y/x)$</p> <p>(ii) Find the probability that the spectrum shifts more than half of the total observations, given that the temperature is increased by 0.25 unit.</p>	10	2	2																						
5.	<p>Compute the coefficient of correlation between X and Y from the following data and comment on it.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> <td>14</td> <td>16</td> <td>18</td> <td>20</td> <td>22</td> <td>24</td> <td>26</td> <td>28</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td> <td>20</td> <td>30</td> <td>37</td> <td>50</td> <td>56</td> <td>78</td> <td>89</td> <td>100</td> <td>120</td> <td>110</td> </tr> </table>	X	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	Y	20	30	37	50	56	78	89	100	120	110	10	3	2
X	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28																
Y	20	30	37	50	56	78	89	100	120	110																

Sub: Course: BMAT2021 - Probability & statistics

1. Let the missing frequencies of the expenditure groups 20-30 and 40-50 be f_1 and f_2 respectively. Given Median = 35 and total frequency = 170.

class	f	Cumulative frequency
0-10	10	10
10-20	20	30
20-30	f_1	$30 + f_1 = m$
30-40 <small>median class</small>	$40 = f$	$70 + f_1$
40-50	f_2	$70 + f_1 + f_2$
50-60	25	$95 + f_1 + f_2$
60-70	15	$110 + f_1 + f_2$
	170	

From the table, we have

$$L = 30, f = 40, m = 30 + f_1$$

$$\frac{N}{2} = \frac{170}{2} = 85 \quad \& \quad C = 10$$

$$\text{Median} = L + \left[\frac{\frac{N}{2} - m}{f} \right] C$$

$$35 = 30 + \left[\frac{85 - 30 - f_1}{40} \right] 10$$

$$\boxed{f_1 = 35}$$

Total frequency $N = 170$

$$\therefore 170 = 110 + f_1 + f_2$$

$$\therefore \boxed{f_2 = 25}$$

② Calculation of Co-efficient of variation

X	X - \bar{X}	(X - \bar{X}) ²	N	Y - \bar{Y}	(Y - \bar{Y}) ²
32	-14	196	19	-31	961
28	-18	324	31	-19	361
47	1	1	48	-2	4
63	17	289	53	3	9
71	25	625	67	17	289
39	-7	49	90	40	1600
10	-36	1296	10	-40	1600
60	14	196	62	12	144
96	50	2500	40	-10	100
14	-32	1024	80	30	900
$\Sigma X = 460$	0	6500	$\Sigma Y = 500$	0	5968

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\Sigma X}{N} = \frac{460}{10} = 46$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\Sigma Y}{N} = \frac{500}{10} = 50$$

$$\sigma_A^2 = \frac{\Sigma (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{N} = \frac{6500}{10} = 650$$

$$\sigma_B^2 = \frac{\Sigma (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2}{N} = \frac{5968}{10} = 596.8$$

$$\sigma_A = \sqrt{650} = 25.5$$

$$\sigma_B = \sqrt{596.8} = 24.43$$

$$C.V(A) = \frac{\sigma_A}{\bar{X}} \times 100 = 55.43$$

$$C.V(B) = \frac{\sigma_B}{\bar{Y}} \times 100 = 48.86$$

∴ For Player A:

- $\bar{X} = 46$
- $\sigma_A = 25.5$
- $C.V(A) = 55.43$

Player B:

- $\bar{Y} = 50$
- $\sigma_B = 24.43$
- $C.V(B) = 48.86$

∴ Player A having more consistent than Player B

$X:$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$P(X=x):$	a	$3a$	$5a$	$7a$	$9a$	$11a$	$13a$

(i) $\sum P(x) = 1$
 $\Rightarrow P(x=0) + P(x=1) + \dots + P(x=6) = 1$
 $a + 3a + 5a + 7a + 9a + 11a + 13a = 1$
 $49a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{49}$

(ii) The c.d.f of $F(x)$

$X:$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$P(x):$	$\frac{1}{49}$	$\frac{3}{49}$	$\frac{5}{49}$	$\frac{7}{49}$	$\frac{9}{49}$	$\frac{11}{49}$	$\frac{13}{49}$
$F(x):$	$\frac{1}{49}$	$\frac{4}{49}$	$\frac{9}{49}$	$\frac{16}{49}$	$\frac{25}{49}$	$\frac{36}{49}$	$\frac{49}{49} = 1$

Since $F(x) = P(X < x)$

(iii) $P(X \geq 4) = P(X=4) + P(X=5) + P(X=6)$
 $= 9a + 11a + 13a = 33a = \frac{33}{49}$

(iv) $P(X < 5) = 1 - P(X \geq 5)$
 $= 1 - [P(X=5) + P(X=6)]$
 $= 1 - [11a + 13a]$
 $= 1 - [24a]$
 $= 1 - \frac{24}{49}$

$P(X < 5) = \frac{25}{49}$

$$\textcircled{v} P(3 \leq x \leq 6) = P(x=3) + P(x=4) + P(x=5) + P(x=6)$$

$$= \frac{40}{49}$$

$$\textcircled{vi} P(x=5) \text{ using } F(x)$$

$$\therefore P(x=5) = F(5) - F(4)$$

$$= \frac{36}{49} - \frac{25}{49}$$

$$= \frac{11}{49}$$

$\textcircled{4}$ Given joint density for (x, y) is

$$f(x, y) = 10xy^2 \quad 0 < x < y < 1$$

$$= 0, \text{ else where.}$$

\textcircled{i} The marginal density function of x is:

$$\textcircled{1} f_x(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dy = \int_x^1 10xy^2 dy =$$

$$\therefore f_x(x) = \frac{10x(1-x^3)}{3}, \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} f_y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dx = \int_0^y 10xy^2 dx = 5y^4, \quad 0 < y < 1$$

$$\textcircled{3} f(y|x) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_x(x)}$$

$$= \frac{3y^2}{1-x^3}, \quad 0 < x < y < 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{ii} \quad P(Y > \frac{1}{2} / n=0.25) &= \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 f(y/x=0.25) dy \\
 &= \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 \frac{3y^2}{1-(0.25)^3} dy \\
 &= 0.89
 \end{aligned}$$

$\textcircled{5} \quad \sum x = 190 \quad \sum y = 690$
 $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{10} = 19 \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum y}{10} = 69$

x	y	$x_i - \bar{x}$	$y_i - \bar{y}$	$(x_i - \bar{x})^2$	$(y_i - \bar{y})^2$	$(x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$
10	20	-9	-49	81	2401	4941
12	30	-7	-39	49	1521	273
14	37	-5	-32	25	1024	160
16	50	-3	-19	9	364	57
18	56	-1	-13	1	169	13
20	78	1	9	1	81	9
22	89	3	20	9	400	60
24	100	5	31	25	961	155
26	120	7	51	49	2601	357
28	110	9	41	81	1681	369
190	690	0	0	330	11200	1894

correlation coefft - $r = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}} = 0.985$

The correlation coefft. b/w annual expenditure & annual sales revenue is 0.985