



VIT

Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UCA Act, 1994)

REG.NO.:

SCHOOL OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST -II
FALL SEMESTER 2025-2026

SLOT: C2+TC2

Programme Name & Branch	: B.Tech (Chemical Engineering)
Course Code	: BCHE201L
Course Name	: Computational Methods in Chemical Engineering
Faculty Name(s)	: Dr Monash P/ Dr Anand V P Gurumoorthy
Faculty Emp ID	: 14831/13332
Class Number(s)	: VL202526101225/VL202526101221
Date of Examination	: 7 October 2025
Exam Duration	: 90 minutes

Maximum Marks: 50

- General instruction(s):**
- Answer all questions. Open book and notes test.

Q. No	Question	Marks	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Taxonomy (BL)												
1.	Determine the constants a and b by the method of linear regression such that $y = ae^{bx}$ fits the following data: <table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> <td>8</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>4.077</td> <td>11.084</td> <td>30.128</td> <td>81.897</td> <td>222.62</td> </tr> </table>	x	2	4	6	8	10	y	4.077	11.084	30.128	81.897	222.62	10	3	3
x	2	4	6	8	10											
y	4.077	11.084	30.128	81.897	222.62											
2.	Find the maximum of $f(x) = 2x - 1.75x^2 + 1.1x^3 - 0.25x^4$ using Golden section search ($a = -2$, $b = 4$). Carry out three steps.	10	4	3												
3.	Maximize: $Z = 12x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3$ Subject to: $10x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \leq 100$ $7x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 77$ $2x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 \leq 80$ $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$	10	4	3												
4.	Apply multiple application of Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $1/3^{rd}$ rule and Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ rule to evaluate the integral: $I = \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$ for number of segments $n=6$.	10	4	3												
5.	Consider the initial value problem: $\frac{dy}{dx} = x(y+x) - 2, \quad y(0) = 2$ Use Euler's method with step sizes $h = 0.3$ and $h = 0.2$ to compute approximations to $y(0.6)$ (5 decimals).	10	5	3												

Course Outcomes:

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3. Select suitable numerical regression and interpolation techniques and their applications.
4. Compute numerical integration and optimization.
5. Determine the numerical solution for ordinary and partial differential equations.