

**VIT®**

Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)
CHENNAI

Reg. No. 246VD104

Final Assessment Test(FAT) - NOV/DEC 2025

Programme	B.Tech.	Semester	Fall Semester 2025-26
Course Code	BEVD202L	Faculty Name	Prof. Saranya Nair M
Course Title	Electromagnetic Field Theory	Slot	A2+TA2
		Class Nbr	CH2025260100505
Time	3 hours	Max. Marks	100

Instructions To Candidates

- Write only your registration number in the designated box on the question paper. Writing anything elsewhere on the question paper will be considered a violation.
- Answer all the questions.
- Use Smith Charts wherever required.

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Evaluate and analyze Electric Fields and Electric Potential due to different Charge distributions.
CO2: Compute and analyze magnetic fields in different material media.
CO3: Understand the propagation of EM waves through time-varying Maxwell's equations
CO4: Comprehend the EM wave propagation in conducting as well as in dielectric materials.
CO5: Calculate the power of an EM wave while propagating through different materials.
CO6: Illustrate the wave mechanism in different transmission lines at high frequencies using transmission line parameters.

Section - I**Answer all Questions (4 × 7 Marks)**

01. Consider the vector given in cylindrical co-ordinates as, $\mathbf{A} = \rho \cos \phi \mathbf{a}_\rho + \rho z^2 \sin \phi \mathbf{a}_z$. Transform $\mathbf{A}$ into rectangular coordinates and calculate its magnitude at point (3, -4, 0). [7] (CO1/K3)
02. A slab of dielectric material has a relative dielectric constant of 3.8 and contains a uniform electric flux density of 8 nC/m^2 . If the material is lossless, find:
(a) Electric Field Intensity, E [4 Marks]
(b) Number of dipoles per cubic meter if the average dipole moment is 10^{-29} Cm [3 Marks]
Note: Value of Permittivity of free space is given as $8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$. [7] (CO1/K3)
03. A time-varying radial current density in free space is given by $\mathbf{J} = \frac{5e^{-10t}}{r} \mathbf{a}_r \text{ A/m}^2$, where 't' is in seconds and 'r' is the radial distance. At $t = 0.1 \text{ s}$, determine the total current passing through a spherical surface of radius $r = 2 \text{ m}$. Analyze, how the exponential time factor affects the instantaneous current. [7] (CO1/K4)
04. Analyze and comment on the physical plausibility of the following vector field as either electrostatic or magnetostatic in free space. $\mathbf{F} = y^2 z \mathbf{a}_x + 2(x+1)yz \mathbf{a}_y - (x+1)z^2 \mathbf{a}_z$. [7] (CO2/K4)

Section - II**Answer all Questions (4 × 8 Marks)**

05. A charge of $q = 4 \text{ nC}$ is placed in a region where the electric field intensity is given in cylindrical coordinates as: $\mathbf{E} = (z+1) \sin \phi \mathbf{a}_\rho + (z+1) \cos \phi \mathbf{a}_\phi + \rho \sin \phi \mathbf{a}_z \text{ V/m}$. Determine the work done in moving the charge from (Each 2 Marks)
(a) A (1, 0, 0) to B (4, 0, 0)
(b) B (4, 0, 0) to C (4, 30° , 0)
(c) C (4, 30° , 0) to D (4, 30° , -2)
(d) Along the straight-line segment from A to D
Analyze the values and hence comment whether the work done depends on the path. [8] (CO1/K4)

06. For a current distribution in free space, $\mathbf{A} = (2x^2y + yz) \mathbf{a}_x + (xy^2 - xz^3) \mathbf{a}_y - (6xyz - 2x^2y^2) \mathbf{a}_z$ Wb/m
 (a) Calculate the magnetic flux density, $\mathbf{B}$. [4 Marks]
 (b) Find the magnetic flux through a loop described by $x = 1, 0 < y < 2, 0 < z < 2$. [4 Marks] [8] (CO2/K3)
07. In a charge-free region, the material parameters are given as $\sigma = 0, \epsilon = \epsilon_0\epsilon_r$, and $\mu = \mu_0$. The magnetic field in this region is described by $\mathbf{H} = 5 \cos(10^9t - 4y) \mathbf{a}_z$ A/m.
 (a) Determine the displacement current density $\mathbf{J}_d$ in the medium. [4 Marks]
 (b) Calculate the relative permittivity ϵ_r of the medium. [4 Marks] [8] (CO3/K5)
08. Sea water plays a vital role in the study of submarine communications. Assuming that for sea water, $\sigma = 4$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 80, \mu_r = 1$, and $f = 100$ MHz, calculate: (Each 2 Marks)
 (a) the phase velocity, (b) the wavelength, (c) the skin depth, (d) the intrinsic impedance. [8] (CO4/K3)

Section - III

Answer all Questions (4 × 10 Marks)

09. In free space, $V = x^2y(z + 3)$ V. Find
 (a) Electric Field Intensity, $\mathbf{E}$ at (3, 4, -6) [4 Marks]
 (b) The charge enclosed within the cube of $0 < x, y, z < 1$. [6 Marks] [10] (CO1/K3)
10. In a nonmagnetic material, $\mathbf{H} = 30 \cos(2\pi \times 10^8 t - 6x) \mathbf{a}_y$ mA/m, find the time-average power crossing the surface $x = 1, 0 < y < 2, 0 < z < 3$ m. [10] (CO5/K3)
11. A $30\text{-}\Omega$ transmission line of length 3.6 mm is terminated in series load of resistance $40\text{-}\Omega$ and inductance of 4 nH. The phase velocity in the transmission line is the velocity of light. Calculate the following parameters at 4 GHz using Smith chart.
 (a) Reflection coefficient at the input and load [4 Marks]
 (b) Input admittance [3 Marks]
 (c) Distance of maxima and minima from the load [3 Marks] [10] (CO6/K5)
12. A $75\text{-}\Omega$ lossless line is to be matched to a $(100 - j80)\text{-}\Omega$ load with a shorted stub. Using Smith chart, design the stub and calculate the stub length, its distance from the load, and the necessary stub admittance. [10] (CO6/K6)

BL-Bloom's Taxonomy Levels - (K1-Remembering, K2-Understanding, K3-Applying, K4-Analysing, K5-Evaluating, K6-Creating)

