



VIT
Vellore Institute of Technology

Final Assessment Test – April 2025

Course: BECE203L - Circuit Theory

Class NBR(s): 0732 / 0735 / 0741 / 0742 / 0743 / 0744 / 0745

Slot: C2+TC2+TCC2

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100

- KEEPING MOBILE PHONE/ANY ELECTRONIC GADGETS, EVEN IN 'OFF' POSITION IS TREATED AS EXAM MALPRACTICE
- DON'T WRITE ANYTHING ON THE QUESTION PAPER

General Instructions : 1. Assume suitable values for any missing information
2. Non programmable scientific calculator is permitted

Answer ALL Questions
(10 X 10 = 100 Marks)

1. Obtain V_o in the circuit of Figure 1 using nodal analysis.

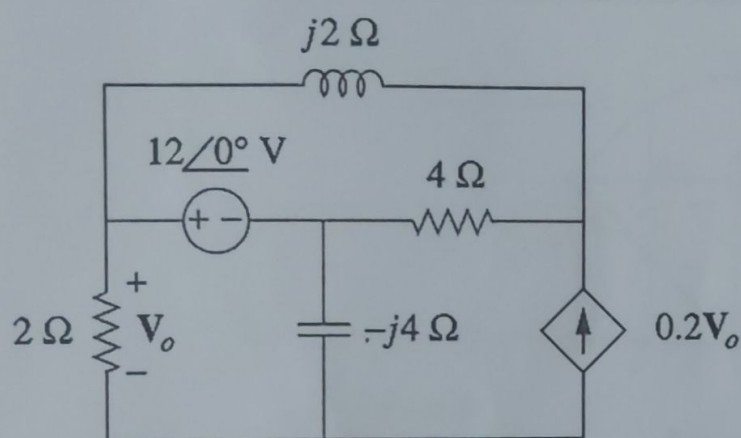


Figure 1

2. Find v_o in the circuit of Figure 2 using the source transformation theorem.

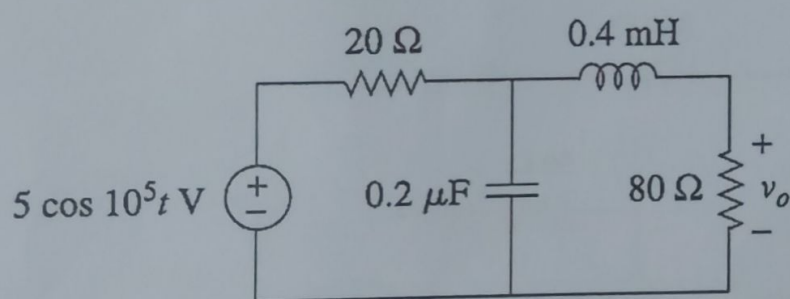


Figure 2

- 3.(a) Determine $v(t)$ for $t > 0$ in the circuit of Figure 3A if $v(0) = 0$.

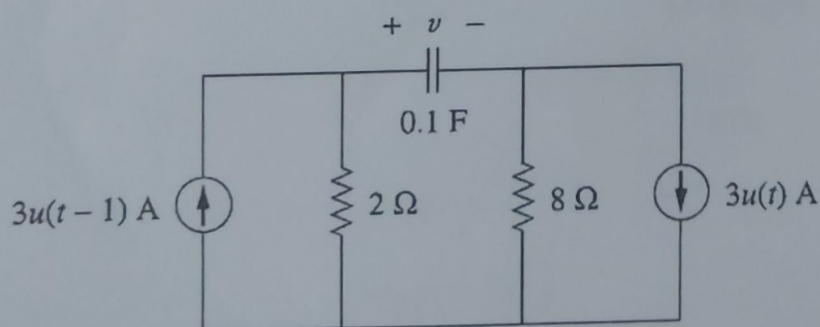


Figure 3A

OR

- 3.(b) The switch in Figure 3B moves from position A to position B at $t=0$ (please note that the switch must connect to point B before it breaks the connection at A, a make-before-break switch). Determine $i(t)$ for $t>0$.

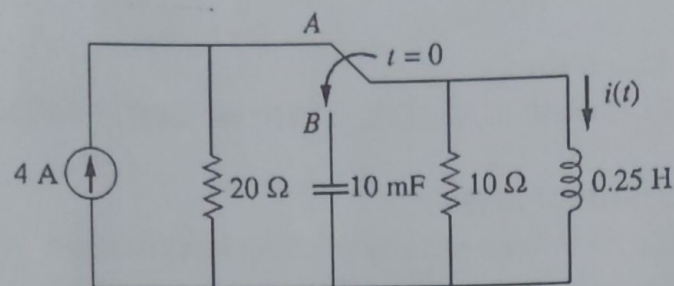


Figure 3B

4. A network graph is shown in Figure 4. Find the incidence matrix. For a tree consisting of (1, 2, 3, 4), find tie set and cut-set matrices.

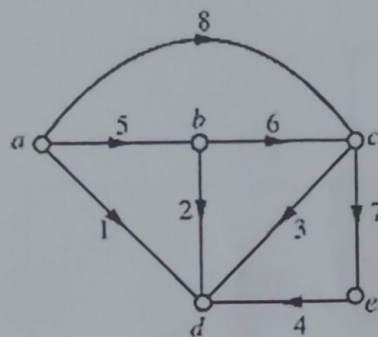


Figure 4

- 5.(a) Obtain the hybrid parameters for the network shown in Figure 5A.

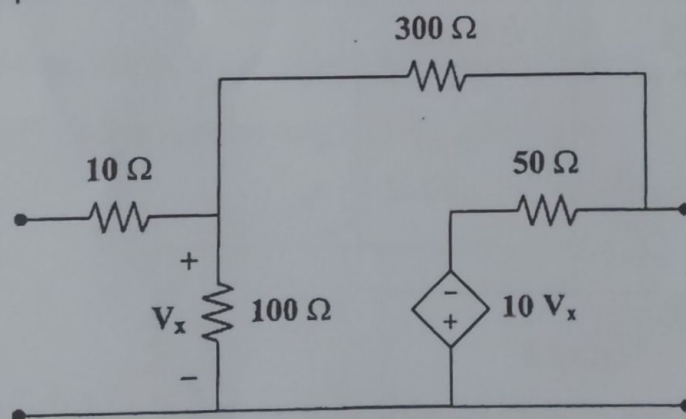


Figure 5A

OR

- 5.(b) Obtain the z , h and y parameters for the network in Figure 5B.

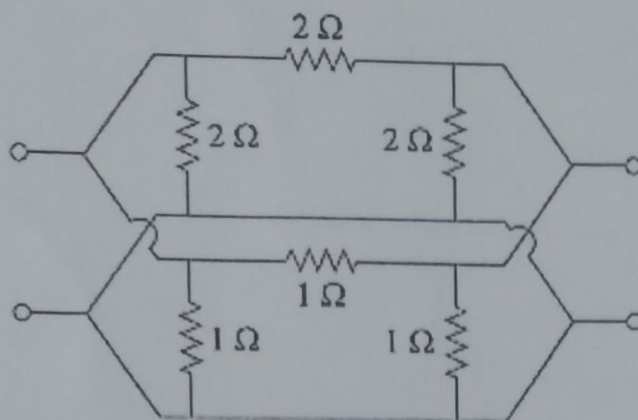


Figure 5B

6. Identify the type of filter shown in Figure 6 and determine its center frequency and bandwidth.

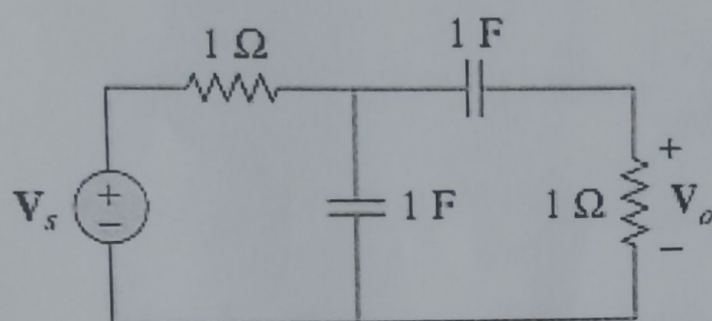


Figure 6

7. Consider the pulse in Figure 7(a), which is applied as the input for the circuit in Figure 7(b). Find the value of $v_o(t)$ using Laplace transform.

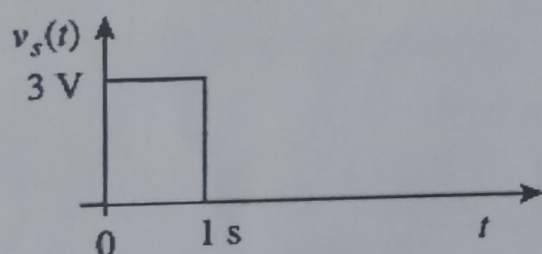


Figure 7(a)

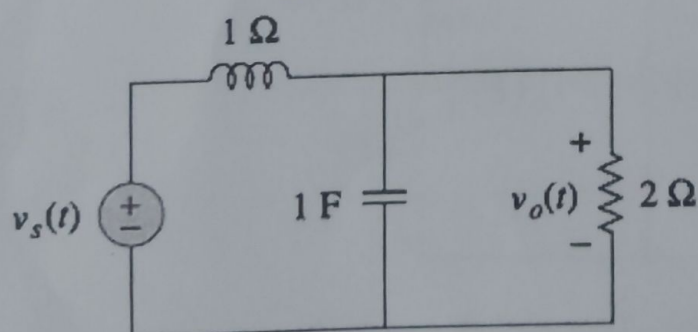


Figure 7(b)

8. In the network of Figure 8, the switch is moved from a to b, at $t = 0$. Find $v(t)$ using Laplace transform.

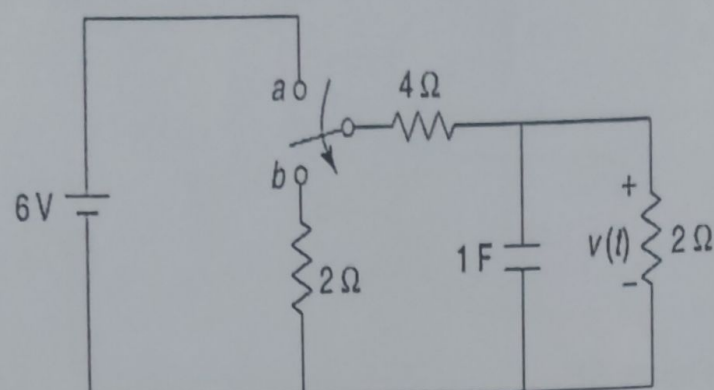


Figure 8

9. Find $i(t)$ in the circuit of Figure 9 using the Fourier series approach, given that

$$i_s(t) = 6 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos 6nt$$

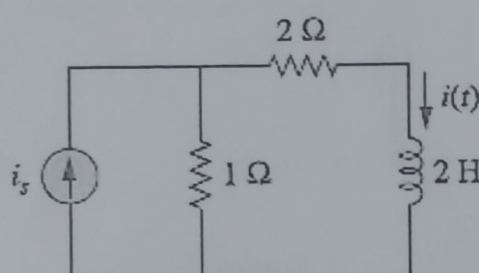


Figure 9

10. Apply the Fourier transform to find $i_o(t)$ in the circuit shown in Figure 10. The current source $i_g(t)$ is the signum function $20 \operatorname{sgn}(t)$ A.

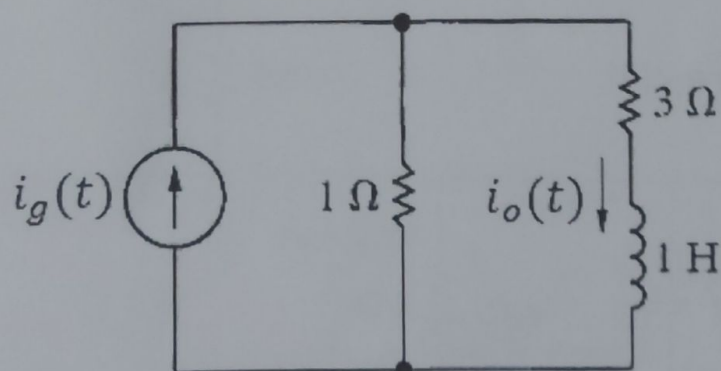


Figure 10

⇔⇔⇔ BH/D/TY ⇔⇔⇔